

# Abstract

The full potential linearized augmented plane wave (FP-LAPW) based on the density functional theory used to calculate structural, electronic, magnetic, thermoelectric and elastic characteristics theoretically of  $X_{0.9375}Ti_{0.0625}Te$  ( $X = Ca, Sr, \text{ and } Ba$ ) with 6.25% doping of Ti concentration in a host material (CaTe, SrTe, BaTe) by-Wu-Cohen generalize gradient approximation (Wu-GGA) method used to find the potential Exchange correlation of the structural characteristics, GGA is used to calculate electronic and magnetic characteristics and the recently developed Tran-Blaha-modified-backe Johnson (TB-mBJ) approximations. Properties of these materials are calculated, in which including the investigation spin polarize electronic band structure and spin polarize density of state and spin polarization 100% around the fermi-level depicted half metallic ferromagnetic character. Further, the studied materials depict direct bandgap in spin down channel which indicate that these materials may have a potential candidate for best performance of spintronics devices. In addition, the ferromagnetic nature stability of  $X_{0.9375}Ti_{0.0625}Te$  ( $X = Ca, Sr, \text{ and } Ba$ ) with 6.25% doping of Ti can be shown by crystal field energy  $E_{cr-y}$  along with john-teller distortion, magnetic moment, direct exchange energy  $\Delta_x(d)$ , exchange splitting energy  $\Delta_x(pd)$  exchange constants ( $No\alpha$  and  $No\beta$ ) respectively. Boltztrap code is used to calculate the thermoelectric characteristics of understudied materials.