Abstract

An injective function $c:V \to \{1,2,3,\ldots\}$ satisfying

$$|c(x) - c(y)| + d(x, y) \ge diam(G) + 1$$

for all distinct vertices x and y, is called a radio labeling of G, also called multilevel distance labeling for G. The largest number used in the range of c is called the span of the labeling c. The radio number of G is the minimum span taken over all radio labelings of G. In this thesis, we compute the radio number for wedge of graphs. More specifically, we extend the results given in [16] and compute the radio number of some graph families whose radio numbers are not known yet.