

Abstract

Parent-Child relationship is in debate for centuries. Present study aimed to find the relationship of parental acceptance-rejection, rejection sensitivity, aggression and social isolation among school children. The research method used in this study was cross-sectional. The study was conducted on 600 students having male and female of 5th and 6th grades. Tools were given to students to be filled in class timings. The main purpose of the study was to identify the relationship of parental rejection on aggression and social isolation. The study also aimed at finding the impact of rejection sensitivity on aggression and social isolation. Independent sample t-test, correlation were carried out. The results indicated that parental acceptance rejection has significant relationship with aggression. The parents who rejected their children the child becomes more aggressive on constant rejection by their parents. The results also indicated that if a child becomes aggressive he will be not accepted by the society and then he will be ultimately socially isolated. The students of 5th and 6th grades are more sensitive and thus are more prone to parental rejection. The study also had finding of the way family system, gender differences affects parental acceptance-rejection, rejection sensitivity, aggression and social isolation among school children. It gave us the findings that parental acceptance rejection is more in females than males.

Key Words. Parental acceptance-rejection, Aggression Scale, Rejection Sensitivity, Children Loneliness Scale, School Children