

## ABSTRACT

Results indicated that at low concentration (50mg/mL) aqueous and ethanolic extracts of *Moringa oleifera* leaves were found strong antiviral and safe for the use as an antiviral agent. Weak antiviral activity was found in aqueous extract of *Calotropis procera* flower and in aqueous as well as in ethanolic extract of *Cuscuta reflexa* whole plant. All other parts of experimental plants were found non antiviral at low concentration. At medium concentration (100mg/mL) 7 extracts showed strong antiviral activity, while 2 extracts were found weak antiviral agent and remaining were non antiviral. At higher concentration (200mg/mL) only 3 extracts showed antiviral potential and all the others were found cytotoxic, causing death of embryos in embryonated eggs.