



ABSTRACT

Present study describes the prevalence of urinary tract infection (UTI) caused by *Enterococcus* isolated from patients with susceptible UTI of Punjab province. Among the collected 668 urine samples, 107 samples (16%) were found positive for *Enterococci*. Out of positive samples, 28 samples (26%) were of males and 79 samples (74%) were of females. Kirby Bauer disc diffusion method was performed to evaluate the antimicrobial susceptibility pattern of identified isolates for 12 different recommended antibiotics. Results suggested that UTI caused by *Enterococcus* is predominant in female population as compared to males, and vancomycin (30 µg) is drug of choice.